# 天主教輔仁大學英國語文學系學士班畢業成果 ENGLISH DEPARTMENT, FU JEN CATHOLIC UNIVERSITY GRADUATION PROJECT 2018

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Introduction to TEFL Guo-Tai Elementary School Service Learning Portfolio

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# **Introduction to TEFL**

# **Guo-Tai Elementary School Service Learning Portfolio**

# **January 8, 2017**

#### I. Introduction

#### A. Background and Purposes

In Taiwan, students spend more than 10 years learning English, but very few of them consider their learning processes as enjoyable and effective. Many Taiwanese students suffer from learning gaps and lack of motivation. Fu-Jen Catholic University has been working with Guo-Tai Elementary School for years in order to provide a supportive learning environment for English tutors and tutees. The main purposes of this English teaching program are to increase students' motivation and assist low achievers to succeed in their English learning with low affective filter. Besides, English majors can apply various teaching approaches and appropriate research methods to evaluate students' progress and their own teaching outcomes.

#### **B.** Literature Review

#### 1. CBI

Content-based Instruction is built on the principles of communicative language teaching and the previous experiences of the learners. Students are more motivated because they are given specific learning goals, which are challenging yet practical, manageable, and clear. The main purpose of this teaching method is to let students use the language to acquire information. Instructors tend to help learners understand authentic texts through the use of visuals, realia, repeating, and by giving a lot of examples. Besides, instructors correct students' errors by giving them the correct form or allowing students to self-correct. All four skills, including reading, listening, speaking, and writing are integrated in authentic contexts.

#### 2. ALM

The Audio-Lingual Method (ALM) is an oral-based approach. It drills the students in the use of grammatical sentence patterns. The purpose of ALM is to help students to acquire the sentence pattern of the target language through shaping and reinforcement (e.g., repetition). In class, the teacher will first introduce either single or multiple slot substitution drill as a model. The students are expected to memorize the drills and accurately acquire language skills in four aspects: listening, speaking, reading and writing after several and different ways of practice. In this method, teacher serves as an authority, directing and controlling the language behavior of students.

## 3. GT

Grammar-translation, also known as classical method, is an early-developed and highly-applied pedagogy that requires emphasis on reading, writing, vocabulary, and grammar of the target language for training and comprehend the literature written in the target language. The teacher is the authority of the classroom who basically instruct most of the time while students are the one who practice the orders. During the class, the teacher would translate the target language into the first language for students, and then explain the grammar rules if needed. Students would have to practice what they've learned deductively in repetition to form further memorization. The teacher might need to correct students' mistakes in this process. Notice that interaction usually happens from teacher to students yet rarely does among students.

## 4. TBLT

Task Based Teaching Method's (TBLT) goal is to facilitate language learning

by engaging students in tasks with clear outcomes, with tasks that students might encounter in their daily lives. Teachers act as the task chooser, student performance observer, and the facilitator. Students are expected to complete the given tasks through communications and teamwork. Teachers would not interfere during students' task completing process but correct their error afterwards in the final phase when their outcomes are being evaluated. Close communications between students are the focus of this TBLT. There is no explicit role for native language in TBLT, and language is used for the purpose of communicating and "doing."

## 5. Multiple Intelligence

MI theory basically divides human's intelligence into eight categories: verballinguistic, logical-mathematical, musical, spatial, kinesthetic, interpersonal, intrapersonal, and naturalist. In the past, most of teaching methods focused on students' mathematical and linguistic competence. However, MI puts more emphasis on enhancing student's diverse competence in different areas or fields and not just focus on linguistic and mathematical areas. Besides, by designing various activities for students, students can use their strengths to improve their weaknesses and thus make progress in these 8 intelligence.

## 5. CLT

Communicative Language Teaching (CLT) is a teaching method mostly focusing on improving students' linguistic competence. The classroom practices of CLT is usually more flexible than the other teaching methods', for the different teachers' understandings of the principles can be widely differed. However, the basic characteristics of CLT teaching are similar: Teachers, as facilitators of communication, create situations that promote students, as major communicators, to communicate with each other in mostly the target language. The language activities in CLT often have three features in common, information gap, choice, and feedback (Johnson and Morrow, 1981), such as scramble sentence, picture strip story, role-play and other language games that in which students need to speak up, asking for and providing information to each other to finish their tasks, while teachers correct students' errors in the accuracy-based activities after they finish what they are requested to do in fluency-based activities. However, because the G-T tutees in our class are low-achievers, therefore, in the CLT activities during our service learning, students are allowed to speak in their first language (L1), and teachers often act as cocommunicator when they have trouble communicating with each other in L1 or maintain their attention on the language activities.

## II. Service Learning (SL), Lesson plans ,and Reflections (Methodology)

Since 27<sup>th</sup> December 2016, we had been to Guo-Tai Elementary School 8 times until 28<sup>th</sup> December 2016. On Thursday, we had 9 tutors and 6 tutees. Our class section started from 4:20 p.m. to 5:40 p.m. In each class, we arranged 2 instructors to teach in the group course section and used one-on-one tutoring to help each tutee review what they just learnt in the previous section. Instead of following the contents of their text books, we designed our topics and course contents according to their levels.

## A. SL Lesson Plans/ Reflection

Materials	Guo-Tai the Go	5 <sup>th</sup> graders textbook Din	o On		Date	10:	5/10/27		105/10/27			
	Introduce	e Lesson 1		(	Grade	5 <sup>th</sup>	graders					
Planner	Sofia Z Sharon, I	heng, Joy Liu, Lillian Eling	Wu,	G-T	Students	陳	陳安琪 劉興隆 林芯儀					
Major Goals	1. G 2. R	will be able to bet familiar with each other eview important vocabula eview how to ask & answe	ries an er abou	d phra ut weat	ses (pronun							
Time	60 minu	tes (2 sessions) Props/ Tools flash card, wor				rksheet, map,	scoreboard					
Activity	Time	Procedure	Procedure		Major Method technique		Vocabulary covered	4 strands: Languag e/ meaning focused; input/ output	Props/ Tools			
Warm up	20 min	-Self-intro (both teachers and students) -Classroom management (rules) -Survey			ALM			input and output	Scoreboa rd			
Break	5 min	-Have a 3min break and down if needed	calm tl	hem								
Pre-test 1	12 min	-Phonemic pre-test I. $A \rightarrow C \rightarrow E \rightarrow I(II. CD)$			ALM			input				
Pre-test 2 (back-up plan for Pre-test)	8 min 6 min	-If survey's result turns of bad: Communicating: Qs about answer -Easy phonemic pre-test		•	Learning strategy training			output	pre-test sheet student v. *3 pre-test teacher			
Tutoring 1	10 min 10 min	I.A $\rightarrow$ C Lesson Review 1 I. Word bank p.37 -Vocabularies (includ. Phonics teaching -Spelling Game II. Text Study p.35-36 -Vocabularies in pic. -Text Reading -T&F reading question			1. GT <u>II.</u> 1. GT, TPR		<u>II.</u> New York, USA, London, UK, Taipei, ROC	input	v. Map			
<b>Tutoring 2</b>		Lesson Phonics Study 1						input,	workshe			

(Back-up	10 min	<u>I.</u> Phonics study	Learning		output	et
for		-Starter-U2 Phonemics in	strategy	Vocabularie		
Tutoring	10	vocabularies	training	s from		
1)	min	-Phonics game		Starter to		
		II. Vocabularies (includ. Phonics		Unit Two		
		teaching				
		-Vocabularies in pic. p.35				
		-Vocabularies in Word bank p.37				
		-Spelling Game (shorter v.)				
Wrap up	3	-Review & Communicating	ALM		input	Flashcar
	min				and	ds
					output	

Materials	A-Z al	phabets	Date		105/11/	17		
	Phonic	cs Vowels	Grade		5 <sup>th</sup> grad	lers		
Planner	<u>Joy,</u> <u>Sharoi</u>	<u>Eling,</u> 1, Lillian	G-T Stude	ents	陳安琪, 劉興隆, 林芯儀, 戴碩亨			
Major Goals	Studer 1. 2.		e to with each other lents' ability on		0		onetics	
Time	min utes (2 sessi ons)	Props	s/ Tools					
Activity	Time	Procedure		Major Meth od/ techni ques	Vocab ulary covere d	4 strand s: Langu age/ meani ng focuse d; input/ output	Props/ Tools	
Warm up 15 min		<b>teachers and</b> -Students wi their own na	ll be given me tags (to be desks in front	N/A	N/A	N/A	9+4 name cards, 4 copies of survey sheets, stamps	

	<ul> <li>II. Classroom</li> <li>management (rules) <ol> <li>The stamp cards will not be collected after class. Students should learn to be responsible for bringing it to class every week. (They have to learn to be responsible for themselves)</li> <li>Stamps will be available only when students answer the questions given by the teachers in class. Stamps should be given on the stamp card by the teachers!</li> <li>Stamps can be deducted when students refuse to pay attention in class (Answering the wrong answers won't lead to stamp deduction)</li> <li>Students will follow the teachers responsible for the survey section separately.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>				
Pre-test 1 15 min	-Phonetic pre-test I. One-on-one Tutoring Explain questions to students in each section 2. Write down how many questions they answer correctly	GM	N/A	output / Indivi dual work	4 copies of pre-test sheets
Tutoring 1 15	ABC Pronunciation <u>Review</u> <u>I. A-Z</u> 1. Use simple vocabularies for	ALM		Langu age / input	Alphabet song/cellphone (for music)/ audio

	the teaching of the alphabets. 2. ex, a is for apple, b is for ball(teaching props can replaced by drawings) <u>II. Phonetics study</u> Short yowel/	ALM		input	blackboard
	Short vowel/ bat, plant, glass, mat, fat, sad, bag Short vowel/ bed, egg, red, left, leg, desk, vest, parent, rest Short vowel/ rabbit, six, lip, kid, sit, kiss Short vowel/ box, comic, God Short vowel/ rug, tub, cup, bus <u>In-class activity:</u> students will be assigned identities of one of the five vowels, and when teacher pronounces, for example, "rug" the "u"student has to sit down.	TPR		output	
Break 3	-Have a 3 mins break and calm them down if needed -Music can be used if needed	N/A			
Tutoring 2 10	I.2:1 Tutoring1.two teachers in charge of one student2.review on the content of the first tutoring section.	ALM	N/A	input	
	<ul> <li>II. <u>Practice (If there's enough time)</u></li> <li>3. Students will be divided into 2 groups</li> <li>4. Students should guess the correct alphabet</li> </ul>	ALM	N/A	output	

	<ul> <li>according to what the teachers is articulating</li> <li>5. Around 10 questions</li> <li>will be given in total</li> <li>6. The teacher onstage</li> <li>will be in charge of score</li> <li>recording, and the teachers</li> <li>beside will be responsible</li> <li>for giving stamps</li> </ul>			
Wrap up 2	Review the song taught in the first tutoring section		output	N/A

		<u>Iutor Plan – I</u>						
Materials		Date		105/11/24				
Iviaterials		Grade		5 <sup>th</sup> grader	S			
Planner	Joy,Eling,Sha ron, Lillian, Ben	G-T Studen	ıts					
Major Goals	Students will b 1.	e able to						
Time	minutes (2 sessions)	Props/ Tools						
Activity	Time	Procedure	Major Method / techniq ues	Vocabul ary covered	4 strands: Language / meaning focused; input output	Props/ Tools		
Warm-up	2 mins	<u>Class</u> <u>management</u> Make sure the students sit in the front and name card placed properly for the convenience of the later tutoring	N/A	N/A				
Pre-test	15 mins	Individual pre- test Finish the rest of the pretest. Joy: Ron Sofia: Janice			Input	Worksheets		

		Graham: Kitty Sharon: Henry Jessica: Angel Eliane: Michael As for Michael who got the test done, he will Details needed			-	
Tutoring 1	11 mins per session (total 22)	Session 1 1. Use the 4th grade textbook Lesson 3 Conversation and the Practice(partB). 2. Teach number from 1 to 19 3. Teach simple vocabulary about foods and drinks from the conversation. Session 2 CLT: 1. Scrambled sentences -Students have to figure out the correct order of the sentences. -The order of the sentences: 1. May I help you? 2. Yes, please. 3. I want three sandwiches. 5. Is that all? 6. Yes, that's all. 7. Three Sandwiches. Here you are. 8. Thank you. 2. Role-Play -Give students an opportunity to practice communicating in	CLT GM	One to nineteen/ apple pie/ham burger/h ot dog/sand wish/tea/ cola/coo kie	Input	Pictures/ Handouts/ Sentence cards/

		11.00				<u>ا</u>
		different social				
		roles				
		-Students have to				
		say the sentences				
		they just learned				
		from session 1.				
		-Roles: 1 vendor/				
		3-5 customers				
		-Each customer				
		will be asigned to				
		buy certain				
		amount of foods				
		or drinks.				
	3 mins		N/A			
				1	ſ	
Tutoring 2	18 mins	<b>Individual</b>				Papers
		<u>tutoring</u>			Output	
		Review contents				
		of Tutoring 1:				
		sentence and				
		vocabularies				
		Joy: Ron				
		Sofia: Janice				
		Graham: Kitty				
		Sharon: Henry				
		Jessica: Angel				
		Eliane: Michael				

	(Angel's tutor will have to focus more on phonics)		
Wrap up			

		1 utor	Plan – F						
	Phonics Conse	onants		Date	105/	12/01			
Materials	Birthday part question	y holding and bas	ic Wh-	Grade	5 <sup>th</sup> <b>g</b>	raders			
Planner	Lillian Wu, Jo sofia, Graham	essica Kuo, Joy Liu	, Eling,	G-T Students		琪 胡家寶 邱 戴碩亨	《靖渝 劉	興隆 林	
Major Goals	<ol> <li>Pronot</li> <li>Learn</li> <li>Learn</li> <li>Learn</li> </ol>	Ty and pronounce counce counce combinations of the basic words for the expressions about	of conson birthday ut dates a ion like ' ings in st	party nd months 'When is yo ores.	months nen is your birthday?" and learn how to answer. s.				
Time	60 minutes (2	2 sessions)	Props	s/ Tools					
Activity	Time	Procedure		Major Method / techniq ues	Vocabular y covered	4 strand s: Langu age/ meani ng focuse d; input/ output	Props / Tools		
Pre-test	10 mins	Individual pre-test Finish every tutee's pretest as we can as possible, for those who has already got the pretest done, tutors assigned can decide whether do the review of last week's tutoring or their school textbooks. Joy: Ron Sofia: Janice Graham: Kitty Sharon: Henry Jessica: Angel Eliane: Michael				Input	Work sheet		
Tutoring 1	15	I. Phonics: Conso	nants(a l	<u>half)</u>		balloon		-	

	mins	Use simple vocabulary that are related to participating a party. Try to help children review the pronunciations of consonants. ex, b is for balloon, c is for cake(some words are made in cards and will be used in the activity later) <b>II. In-class activity:</b> Students will be assigned to identify some of the consonants while they play the game of monopoly.	I. ALM II. ALM- Repetiti on Drill	cake (candle) dance food gift hat juice kid lemon money number sing	Input	vowel s and conso nants clock - mono poly game -prop (ballo on, cake, candl e, hat, gift, juice)
Tutoring 2	15 mins	Role playReview lesson on W11 about buyingthings. This time they are going tohave real experience of buying thingsfrom their tutors for the birthday'sparty.Q: May I help you?A: Yes, please.Q: I want three XXX.A: Is that all?Q: Yes, that's all.Q: Three Sandwiches. Here you are.A: Thank you.These sentences are for reference.Tecahers do not need to follow thetext-book dialogue. During thispractice, tutors try to lead students tosay correct sentences.	CLT			Produ ct 1.cak e 2.can dle 3.hat 4.juic e 5.ball oon 6.gift
Break	3	3mins break		809		
Tutoring 3	mins 15		I. ALM			
r utoring 5	mins	<ul> <li><u>I. Teach dates &amp; months</u> Ask questions like: What date is it today? When is your birthday?</li> <li><u>II. Activity</u></li> <li>1. Ask tutors and classmates their birthday and repeat it to me afterward. example:</li> </ul>	II. CLT			

		T: When is Jessica's birthday? S: <b>Her</b> birthday is on XXXX (review the pronouns if needed)		
Activity	2 mins	wrap up review vocabulary that have been taught today.		

		<u></u>	<u>Plan – FJU W</u>	13				
Materials	Phonics Conso	nants		Date	105/1	2/08		
Waterfais	Housework & '	Time Management		Grade	$e 5^{th}$ gra	aders		
Planner	Sofia, Graham,	Lillian, Jessica		G-T Stude nts	,   ㈱女コ	其 胡家寶 邱 戴碩亨	3靖渝 劉與	興隆 林
Major Goals	<ol> <li>Pronout</li> <li>Review</li> <li>Learn the</li> </ol>	e able to and pronounce connections of the expressions able the basic phrases able and explain simple	f consonants and out dates and mo out everyday cho	onths ores		ds		
Time	60 minutes (2	sessions)	Props/ Tool	s				
Activity	Time	Procedure			Major Method/ techniq ues	Vocabula ry covered	4 strands : Langua ge/ meanin g focuse d; input/ output	Props / Tools
Warm up	10 min	<b>IReview dates</b> Ask questions like What date is it tod When is your birth <b>IIIntro to Tuto</b> 1.Vocabulary: Chinese New Yea vacation 2.Topics: When is Winter va Winter vacation p Help parents clear				•	Name cards	
Tutoring 1	15	I-Phonics: Conso	nants	]	I. ALM	pipe	Input	-

Break	min 5	Use vocabulary that are related to daily chores or things to help students learn the pronunciation of last half consonants. <b>II-In-class activity:</b> 	II. ALM - repetitio n on drill	quilt room spoon trash vase window box yard zip	vowe ls and flash cards -dice and flash cards
Tutoring 2	min 18 min	3min break and calm them down         ITime Review         1. x o'clock         2. a.m. p.m.         3. read the random time			
		<ul> <li>e.g. 12:45 twelve forty-five</li> <li><u>IISchedule explain</u> <ol> <li>Explain the following activity</li> <li>How to use the timetable</li> <li>fill the timetable with the words &amp; phrases just learnt and explain them to their tutors</li> <li>Sentence patterns:</li> <li>Q: What will you do at st.?</li> <li>A: I will do sth. at st.</li> <li>Q: What are you going to do in the morning/afternoon/ evening?</li> <li>A: I am going to do sth. at st./in the morning/ afternoon/ evening</li> <li>-briefly intro 3<sup>rd</sup> person sentence patterns</li> </ol> </li> </ul>			
Tutoring 3	12 min	Individual Tutoring1. guide your tutee to fill out the timetable (review the words and phrases at the same time)2. finished the timetable and ask questions about it let your tutee explain it to you (review the sentence patterns at the same time)3. if have time after finishing the two activities above: -ask your tutor about the other students' schedules (use 3 <sup>rd</sup> person) Or -ask your tutor about Sofia's schedule on the blackboard (use 3 <sup>rd</sup>			6 or more (for backu p) blank timet ables

person)				
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		Tute	or Plan –FJ	<u>U W 14</u>	-				
Materials	Month, Ordinal	numbers, Seasons and H	Festival	Date	e	105/1	12/15		
				Grad	e	5 <sup>th</sup> gi	raders		
Planner	Joy, Sharon, H	Eling, Graham, Elai	ne, Jessica	G-T Studer			琪 胡家寶 邱靖 \$儀 戴碩亨	肓渝 劉興	隆
Major Goals	Students will 1. 2. 3.	be able to Identify vocabs of Know how to tell Review the vocab	others their	birthday	7			S	
Time	60 minutes (	2 sessions) Props/ Tools			Whiteboard Sd cards Tapes Flashcards				
Activity	Time	Proc	edure	lure			Vocabulary covered	4 strand s: Langu age/ meani ng focuse d; input/ output	Props/ Tools
Tutoring 1	20	I. Date&Month         1. List down every tutee's birthd         2. Teach "Ordinal Numbers"         First, the teacher applies sd cards         the teaching and makes sure even         student speak out.         Then teacher will ask the stude         to read out ordinal numbers by         themselves in a short review.         3. Teach "Month"         Teacher takes out flash cards prinwith number one to twelve and         review the ordinal numbers again         Then introduce the month to         students.         In a short review, with the help of         flashcard, students repeat the two         months.         4. Ask every tutee to speak up th         date of their birthday			ALM TPR The Siler Way MI	nt	<u>Month</u> January- December <u>Ordinal</u> <u>number</u> first, second, thirdto thirtieth	Input Outpu t	Whiteb oard Sd cards and tapes Flashca rds

		First, the teacher will read out every student's birthday and make sure each of them know how to pronounce their own birthday. Then, the students have to speak up by themselves <b>II. Activity</b> <u>Play odd/ even game</u> Students are asked to stand in a line in the beginning. The right side is for odd number; the left side is for even number. Students have to react to the words teacher says to choose which side they have to go to in one second.				
Break	3					
Tutoring 2	20	I. Season Festival         Seasons:         1. Teach them the name of the 4         seasons         2. Guide the students to make         connections to come up with some         vocabularies related to the four         seasons.         Students are expected to provide         vocabularies learned before.         3. New vocabularies will be         introduced according to the         characteristics of the four seasons.         4. Simple practices on seasons will         be done       by asking the students to         place the flashcards that belongs to         the same category (season)         together.         (there will be magnets on the         flashcards so it can be stick onto the         whiteboard.)         Festivals:         1. Festivals that we celebrate in         Taiwan are introduced with the         dates (which was taught in the past         two weeks and this week).         Flashcards will be prepared with	ALM MI TPR	Spring Summer Fall Winter (warm, hot, cool, cold, jacketetc) Chinese New Year Valentine's Day Children's Day Tomb Sweeping Day Dragon Boat Festival Mother's Day Father's Day Moon Festival Teacher's Day Christmas	Input Output	Whiteb oard Flashca rds with vocabu laries and graphic s
		Taiwan are introduced with the dates (which was taught in the past two weeks and this week).				

		and the vocabularies on the another. 2. <u>Students are expected to be able to</u> <u>learn the festival names and mention</u> <u>them upon seeing the graphics.</u>			
Break	5				
Tutoring 3	12	Individual Tutoring1.Students will be asked to pick aseason or a festival taught in theprevious section as their topic.2.After deciding the topic, studentswill be asked to draw whatever theyknow about the season/festivalaccording to their acknowledgmentand what was taught in the previoussection.3.After drawing, students will berequested to describe and say whatthey were drawing and whatcontent/vocabularies they hadlearned from the last section to theirindividual tutors.(Stamps can be given by teacherswhen the students work hard on thegiven tasks).Ron-LillianAngel-JessicaKitty-BenMike-ElaineJanice-SofiaHenry-Eling	ALM MI	Input Output	White papers

Tutor Plan –FJU W 15

Materials	Direction, Christmas song	Date	105/12/22
Waterfuls		Grade	5 <sup>th</sup> graders
Planner	Joy, Sharon, Eling, Graham, Elaine, Jessica, Ben	G-T Stude nts	陳安琪 胡家寶 邱靖渝 劉興隆 林 芯儀 戴碩亨
Major	Students will be able to		
Goals	<ol> <li>ask for direction</li> <li>learn the vocabulary related to C</li> </ol>	hristmas	

	3.	song a Christmas	s song				
Time	60 minute	es (2 sessions)	Props/ Tools	Flashcards,	worksheets,		
Activity	Time	Proce	dure	Major Method/ techniques	Vocabulary/ Pharses covered	4 strands: Langua ge/ meaning focused; input/ output	Props/ Tools
Tutoring 1	20	A. <u>Introduction</u> <u>Conversation</u> A: Could you tell m XXX(Location), plo B: Yes, of course. A: Are there any law way? B: A: Which side of th B: You'll see it on y B. <u>Introduction</u> The instructor will teach studetns vocb first, and then put th the map. The instru students to apply voc phrases which they have to give correct	(Directions) A: Are there any landmarks on the way?		-go straight -cross -direction -on the right -on the left -turn right - turn left -location -Landmarks: -Laundry store -Book store -Post office -Hospital -Department store -Pharmacy	input	Flashc ards a big map picture s magnet sticker s
Break	5			N/A			
Tutoring 2	15	II. Map Game III. Christmas S The instructor will a lyrics and the vocat Christmas in the lyr instructor will teach to sing this song. W song teaching, it cre comfortable atmosp environment for stu- interact with the inst	first teach the pulary related to rics. Then, the a the students how 7 ith the music and eates a phere and idents to learn and	Multiple Intelligen ce	North Pole Santa Claus Reindeer Presents Christmas tree Fireplace Bell Wish	input output	big map instru ment song

Break	5		N/A		
Tutoring 3	15	Individual TutoringThe instructor will give the students ablank map(worksheet). And eachtutor can put the landmarks in themap and ask students to write downthe route from one place to anotherplace based on the location on themap. And, tutors can also encouragestudents to write down the landmarksthey may pass before they arrive thedestination.Individual Tutoring:Ron-LillianAngel-ElingKitty-GrahamMike-BenJanice-SofiaHenry-Sharon	Direct Method	output	worksh eet landma rk picture map

## <u>Tutor Plan – FJU W 16</u>

-				1 1 1011	100 11				
Materials	Wrap up(revie	ew)		Da	ate	105/	/12/29		
	Time for farev	vell		Gra	ade	5 <sup>th</sup> g	graders		
Planner	Elaine, Jess Liu, Graham		, Joy		G-T 陳安琪 胡家寶 邱靖渝 劉興隆 林芯儲 udents 亨				
Major Goals	Students will be able to Review some of the course content through the past seven weeks(important vocabularies and phrases-months, dates, locations and directions).								
Time	60 minut sessions)	es (4		ops/					
Activity	Time	F	Procedu	re	Ma Metl techi e	hod/ niqu	Vocabul ary covered	4 strands: Langua ge/ meanin g focused	Props/ Tools

					; input/ output	
Post-test	30 mins	Individual post-testFinish every tutee'spost-test as soon aswe can; as for thosewho has alreadydone the post-test,tutors who areassigned can decidewhether do thereview of lastweek's tutoring ortheir schooltextbooks.Joy: RonSofia: JaniceGraham: AngelSharon: HenryBen: KittyLillian: Michael			Input	Worksheet
Break	5 mins	5 mins				
Tutoring(wrap up the courses from the previous weeks)	25 mins	<ul> <li>I. Review dates &amp; months</li> <li>Teacher takes out flash cards printed with January to December and ordinal numbers from 21 to 29. Put them on the black board and read out December 29<sup>th</sup>. Then, ask students to point out the flash cards of December and 29<sup>th</sup>.</li> <li>Then introduce the month to students. In a short review, with</li> </ul>	1.TPR 2.GT 3.Content -based Instructio n	LMonthJanuarytoDecemberOrdinalnumbertwentiethtotwenty-ninthII.NewYork,USA,	Input Output	L Flash cards(January to December; twentieth to twenty ninth) <u>II.</u> A printed map

		<ul> <li>the help of flashcard, students repeat the twelve months.</li> <li><b>II. Review word banks in textbook</b></li> <li>Teachers put a map on the black board and then say the location they are going to go. Afterwards, ask students to point out the location on the map(on the black board).</li> <li><b>III. Review asking for direction</b></li> <li>Ask all students to follow the directions(For example, ask all students to stand up and turn left, right or go straight.</li> </ul>		London, UK, Taipei, ROC <u>II.</u> Turn right. Turn left. Go straight.		
Time to say goodbye( A mini farewell party)	5 mins	Children can change points to gifts and give children each a small cupcake(after teachers repeat the vocabulary cup and cake).	ALM		Input	Six small cupcakes

Name: Sofia 7h		Difficulty
	Name: Sofia Zheng Student No.:403110046	type I
	Tunici Sona Zneng Statent 10105110040	met this
		week

	TESL biweekly Reflections before SL (continue building on	Р	
	this document & Submit them using Google link) Note: The		1,2,3
	week in purple & Orange, submit individual refl.; the week in	A	-,-,0
	Blue (Wed 1pm . on Tron) submit Group lesson plan	11	
W2	The most confusing part to me is how to use this form exactly.		
	Maybe with an example/sample, it will be more clear. It's an		
	inspiring and helpful advice that we can enhance the voice		
	projection with abdominal breathing exercise, and I wonder how		
	to spell this practice/exercise's name? 'coka'? I am looking	D	2
	forward to the service learning and hope mine can be scheduled	Р	3
	on Wednesday afternoons, if there's any choice I can make. I		
	don't really plan to be a full-time teacher when it comes to future		
	career, but I think this course will prepare me better if I want to		
	take some tutoring cases as a temporary job after my graduation.		
W3	Today I realized I actually forgot A LOT of the linguistics I just		
	learnt last semester. Fortunately, I might be able to review and		
	gather myself together by checking the teaching materials.		
	However, Tron constantly goes down, which is pretty annoying. I	Р	1
	checked the google drive but it seems that not all materials on		
	tron were in there.		
W4	The hamburger film is actually fun. I was having problem		
	catching all the quotes and cited theories mentioned by the		
	professor tho. I think it is for my vocabulary in academic learning	Р	1,3
	is poor. Whenever the professor use multiple academic words in		
	one description, I got lost. Previewing the chp. more carefully		

	might help to resolve this problem.		
W5	I got very confused whenever there is an assignment announced.		
	Usually, tons of questions were raised up in my head when some		
	of the requirements was announced. I tend to wait and see		
	whether they would be elaborated. And then there came more		
	requirements or the former requirement did get elaborated but		
	some details of them were changed when later they are mentioned	D	2
	again. Ex. The grouping about the lessons plan this time: I	Р	3
	thought we should pair-up and finish a plan as a duo task. And		
	then I heard that we can finish it in our presentation group which		
	contains six people, therefore each group should submit two plans		
	and so on and so forth. Anyway we kinda figure it out at last.		
	Maybe it is just me being too paranoid.		
W6	Among all the activities fit the 8 types of intelligence, I feel best		
	with the ones fit visual/spatial & logical/mathematical		
	intelligences in my college study life. I like learning efficiently		
	and logically. The lessons are usually full of concepts and		
	theories. With all the visual aids presented in charts, forms and	D	<i>_</i>
	pictures, I can understand and absorb them more quickly.	Р	5
	However, I always felt frustrated when working in big group.		
	Whenever I encountered a course that interpersonal intelligence is		
	highly valued in its evaluating standards, I feel depressed often		
	time.		

W7	How to apply silent way in tutoring class: When teaching phonics				
	and vocabularies, try to indicate the sounds to students by shaping				
	the mouth to pronounce silently. In this way, children can				
	remember the correct pronounciation by themselves, instead of	Р	3		
	mechanically repeating after the tutor. Also, when teaching new	1	5		
	sentence structures, especially those frequently used in daily				
	communication, the tutor can use props and tools to simulate the				
	situation, and encourage the students to interact with each other.				
W6	Desuggestopedia are frequently used in cream schools and				
	elementary schools for the required learning atmosphere in these				
	places are usually more casual and relaxing. If one would like to				
	build their own language school, even just holding a small	A	5		
	tutoring class, he/she should take the principle of desuggestopedia				
	into consideration.				
W7					
	FJU Midterm W; Off this week				
W8	Our group was presenting CLT in class today. We rehearsaled for				
	twice before the class strated to make sure everyone knows every				
	part of our presentation. When presenting in class, my fluency				
	still needed to be improved, but I managed to include all the				
	content should be covered in my part. And all of our group	Р	5		
	members did a great job in leading their own sections and				
	supporting each other. It feels extremely good to see all the				
	teamwork paid off. Our GT group work better than last time,but				

	there is still a lack of coordination.		
W9	I was confused by the definition of unfocused/focused tasks at first, because based on the group report and what the book says in the upper half part of "Focused Tasks" section, if a task in which the students must communicate in certain grammar structure. I thought it refers to certain sentence partterns or strict grammar rules, but later on after hearing Prof. BC's instruction and look at that part more carefully, I realized that a simpler way to find out what kind of task one is is to check whether it focuses on a specific and meaningful goal. The group did a great job in reviewing the principles behind TBLT and general processes of three steps (pre-task, in task, post-task).	Ρ	2
W10	We restate and classroom management today in G-T's tutoring class. The individual tutoring works out great, though some of the students require a lot of stamp marks to motivate them to finish their tasks.	Р	5
W11	We applied CLT on our G-T teaching today, by carrying out an easy sentence scramble game and role-play. In class, it is a little bit hard to distribute the different characters to each student, because sometimes a lot of them want a same character. We don't have time for them to take turns to do a same character, so we just try to persuade them to find the interesting part of the role she/he has been assigned to. However, they do enjoying the buy-sell role	Р	5

	play. We could try to do more in the future.		
W12	We taught the students about dates and how to ask and reply		
	one's birthday in this week. My tutee, Jane was quite unfamiliar		
	with this part, so I tried to write a note including all the names of		
	months and the birthday of her and mine. I told her we will	Р	5
	review those content next week to motivate her to review the note	P	5
	on her own. When asked after the individual tutoring section, she		
	was able to pronounce the month of my birthday accurately. I was		
	extremely touched about that.		
W13	It's my turn to teach in the general tutoring section today. I		
	couldn't finish teaching the sentence grammar in the plan,	Р	5
	because we spent too much time on studying how say a specific	1	5
	time. So I just let the individual tutor help me to finish that part.		
W14	I had a fever therefore didn't attend the SL.	A	5
****			
W15	The topic we taught this week is Christmas. We expected students		
	to be interested in the course, especially when we include song		
	and a lot of pictures in the teaching. However, the students were	Р	5
	distracted by the stamp marks issue, for them think it's unfair and		
	suspicious that some of them got some many marks.		
W16	We tried to resolve the issue last week by give all of them the		
	same amount of rewards and gifts. They didn't seem satisfied	Р	5
	about that, but when we were about to leave they show great		

compassion and affection to our group.	

# B. GT English Club Observation

Service Learning Reflections The Visit - Time - week<u>13 (FJU week no.)</u>

學號 student No. <u>403110046</u> 班級 Class <u>英文三</u>姓名 Name <u>Sofia Zheng</u>

服務日期時間 Date and Time of Service 1:30pm~2:30 12/7/2016

課程名稱 Course Title : Introduction to TESL

服務機構與年級 Organization and Grade for SL: Guo-Tai elementary school- English Club 3<sup>rd</sup>-6<sup>th</sup> grade

G refl. submission Copy from here --

<mark>The <u>1st & 2nd</u> Visit to \_5th\_ Graders – Time - week<u>13</u>(FJU week no.- Day of the week)</mark>

Date and Time of Service 1:30pm ~2:30pm <mark>12/7/2016</mark>, TTL SL hours:<mark>\_\_1\_</mark>

1、What-我的服務工作內容?我在服務的過程中接觸了甚麼人事物? 與在課堂中有甚 麼不一樣?

1. We observed one class in GT English Club.

2. <u>Desuggestopedia</u>: Different from normal classroom, the E-club classroom has wood floor. We have to take off our shoes before entering the class. The students can randomly sit on the floor. <u>The environment and the colorful setting around the classroom makes the atmosphere more relaxing and casual</u>. There were <u>pictures hanging on the walls</u> with <u>everyday life vocabulary on them</u>. Also the words were categorized by the places, such as, airport and restaurant, in which they can be used.

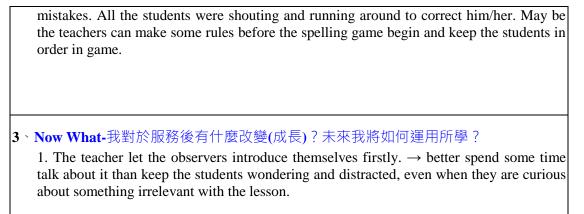
2、So What-我在服務過程中學習到什麼?發生了甚麼值得記錄的事?對我可能有甚麼 意義?

## Problems encountered this week – Problem solutions

1. There were more students sitting on the left side, and the students sat on the right side seems not as concentrating as those on the left.  $\rightarrow$  Try to arrange the seats as equal amount of students sitting in both sides.

2. <u>Information-gap task/focused tasks</u>: When teaching the words about weather, the teacher had seven students representing seven days in a week and each one holding a weather card to do <u>"weather forecast"</u>. It's nowhere close to authentic forecasts for the students are only required to repeatedly use <u>one simple sentence pattern (multiple-slot substitution drill</u>). So it was like <u>a mix of TBLT & ALM</u>. When the students on the stage were practicing their <u>output skill</u>, the rest of the students' <u>receptive skills</u>, especially listening skill were being trained as well, for the "anchors" are told to quickly covered their word cards after finishing casting.

3. In the spelling game, they have the students stand in two lines. The first student and the last student in each line are both assigned jobs. Also, the students take turns to be the first one and last one. In that way, the keep every student participating in the activity. However, it turned into a chaotic scene when the student who is on writing duty made



2. Putting a group activity that requires students to <u>stand up and move after finish</u> reviewing the <u>vocabulary</u> is a good way to <u>keep their active and fresh</u>. The students were allowed to sit/crouch on the floor, so I assume they do it follow <u>the desuggestopedia</u> <u>manners</u>, <u>rather than TPR</u>. Some of them even stay half-lying on the floor, when it's not their turn to answer. I don't know whether it was an uncontrollable situation, or the teachers simply felt fine with that.

3. <u>Cooperative learning</u>: I asked how the teachers manage to teach so many students from different grades. They told me that they usually have big class first for general teaching, such as, vocabulary and warm up activity, and then separate them into different groups for further study activities requiring more communication and competition, like board games. The students with higher levels are put in the same group, and so are the other students. In my service learning, we do individual tutoring to deal with the differences between students' levels. Maybe we can try as some other small group activities sometime.

#### 4. Misc. (miscellaneous)



Note: Underline your key phrases.

C. Creative Lesson Plan (Behind the flood)

		,	<u> Tutor Plan –1 (</u>	prese	nte	<u>d)</u>				
	Before	the Flood		Date	e	105/12/8				
Materials		WarmingBefore it is too late)	ore the Flood	Grad	le	e 5 <sup>th</sup> graders				
Planner	Lillian, Elaine,	•	7, Graham, Jessica, Sofia, G- Stud			▲ 陳安琪 胡家寶 邱靖渝 劉興隆 林芯儀 戴碩亨				
Major Goals	Students will be able to         1. Understand what is happening to our planet         2. Explore what can they do to save our environment         3. learning some vocabulary about climate change         4. Feeling responsible to protect our environment by fulfilling the plan         they have made.									
Time	60 sessions	minutes (2 s)	Props/ Tool	ls	WO	orksheet, com	puter, l	blackboard	1,	
Activity	Time		ocedure			Major Method/ techniques	Voc abul ary cove red	4 strands : Langua ge/ meanin g focuse d; input/ output	Props/ Tools	
Warm up	2min	1.What is climated as 2.What do you change?	ate change? think about clin	nate	CI CI			input and output	blackboar d	
Film & music appreciation	4 min	Film:	outube.com/watc w	<u>ch?v</u>		-I (Visual & usic)		input	computer	
discussion	15min	Brainstorming: 1.What do you see in the film? -pianist on iceberg -how does he looks like? (emotion?) -the background? where? what is happening? 2.What do you feel about the music? -emotion? -01:33 ice melting sound *when the students give out			TE	LT, BLT I(Visual) BI		input and output	papers colored pens	

## <u>Tutor Plan –1 (presented)</u>

break	5 min	simple and direct answers, try to ask more "why" or do they agree with each other 3. What do you think will happen if we don't try to deal with climate change? -let students draw the pictures of their guesses/ imaginary futures *remind them to draw bigger-easy to demonstrate for later section 3min break and calm them down				
Vocabulary about climate change	10min	Learning words about climate change with the pictures drawn by students -try to identify and tell the environment problems/ different kinds of pollutions in students' pics	CLT,ALM, TBLT		input and output	blackboar d and computer (show pictures if students have problem imagine/ understan d what is on the others' pics)
Game	19 min	Improvisation Performance Game -The students are divided into 3 groups, 2 students as a pair (count from 1-3, two call the same number become partner) -Draw lots, each group choose 2 word cards -give student 3-5 minutes to discuss how to perform -use 3-5 minutes let three groups perform and the others guess what words are the presenting group try to demonstrate -After the students guess out all the words,the teacher should try to let them assemble logic sentences describing the effects of climate change1. Polar bear stands on floating ice.2. Extreme hot and cold weather cause forest fires frequently. 3. Warm sea water creates	PTR, CLT	extr eme hot and cold weat her, fore st fires , pola r bear , float ing ice, stro ng typh oons , war		

		strong typhoons.		m	
				sea	
				wate	
				r	
4	5	review the content of the film,	ALM		
r	mins	their plan and the vocabulary.			

## Work division:

plan outline: Lillian & Sofia providing ideas: Film & music appreciation + discussion: Elaine Game form: Lillian Jessica Joy Sofia Word cards design: Graham,Jessica, Joy, Lillian, Sofia Word cards prepare: Joy

class presentation: PPT & teacher: Sofia Students: Ben, Graham, Elaine, Eling, Jessica, Joy, Lillian, Sharron

## III. Results, Findings, and Discussions

A. Data Analysis (Use Google EXCEL spreadsheets data)

## Table 1. Motivation Survey Pre & Post Tests Results

	(主動參與層面)	(內在動機層面)	(自我效能層面)	(學習態度層面)
	active participation	internal motivation	self-efficacy	Learning Attitude
Group	3.18	3.58	2.8	3.01
Average				
Pre-test				
Group	4.43	3.4	3.5	3.27
Average				
Post-Test				

Note: N= 6 (This means the no. of the subjects is 5 if you write 5.)

Table 2. Average Scores of Learning Attitude Questions

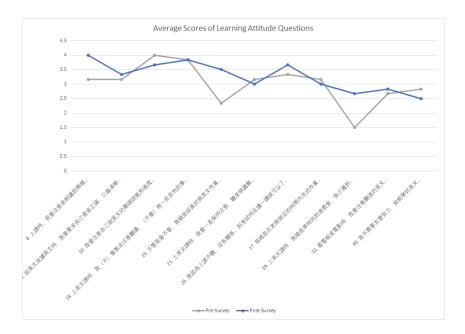


Table 3. Phonemic Awareness Assessment Results

	1 <sup>st</sup> category: Differentiation, Comprehension and Production of the first phoneme in a word	2 <sup>nd</sup> category: Differentiation, Comprehension and Production of the last phoneme in a word	3 <sup>rd</sup> category: Segmenting &Blending Comprehension and Production of each phoneme in a word	4 <sup>th</sup> category: Nonsense Word Decoding/Spelling
Group Average- Pretest	63.10%	52.38%	56.6%	15.56%
Group Average- Posttest	78.57%	60.12%	85%	31.12%

Note: N=4 (This means the no. of the subjects is 5 if you write 5.)

## B. Students' Progress Analysis (Analyze and Explain PA test results and Survey

results)

1. Pre-Survey and Post-Survey

## a. Internal motivation

Comparing pre and post survey on internal motivation, it shows that those students'

internal motivation remained similar. It is because the time is too short and changing a

person's motivation takes time. However, we did get several oral feedbacks from

them. They told us that they loved our English course; therefore, although the statistic

does not show the improvement, we believe that we at least let them love English a

little bit more.

#### **b.** Active Participation

According to the data we got from the pre and post survey, this aspect has raised by 1.25 percent. Though the internal motivation did not improve through these days, there are other aspects that worked and stimulated the students' active participations. Stimulations such as stamps given when students work hard in class, competition between classmates, preference toward specific teachers and so on, are the aspects that can be considered as the aspects that improved the students' learning motivations.

#### c. Self-efficacy

Based on the data of pre and post survey, we can find that the point has notable increase. The questions in self-efficacy are mainly created to reflect students' state of mind towards learning English. Whether students feel frustrated and whether they feel a sense of achievement in learning English can show their attitude and thoughts after taking our courses. The result is positive and convey the message that the students feel more confident in learning English.

#### d. Learning Attitude

According to Table 1, the average scores increase 8% from pre-survey to post-survey, which seems to be an increase that is too small to prove the students' improvement. However, when the average scores of each questions related to Learning Attitude from pre-survey is compared to that from post-survey, there is a dramatic increase in the scores of the questions (Q8,Q29) about evaluating the learning attitude in class (Table 2). Our teaching group's effort on proceeding interesting learning activities while maintaining the classroom discipline has been paid off. Through the whole process of service learning, our group worked on proving a point to our tutees that Learning English can be fun not only in games but also in the class, because we want to improve their learning attitude in their future English learning in a general way,

instead of only loving the fun games in our class. Thus, we usually have a group

member on standby, preparing to walk to any specific student, to sit with him/her, to

remind him/her, when the student loses his/her attention on the course for an

unacceptable amount of time; And always require them to come back in class in time

after a break.

2. Pre- test and Post-test

Regarding phonemic awareness, please see Table 3 for the results of the phonemic awareness assessment results. The full per cent of the 1<sup>st</sup> category for the 5 graders' group is 100, and the average per cent is 63.10. Four 5th graders in our group made progress (showed improvement) from the pretest to the posttest, from average 63.10% to 78.57%.

[Optional expression: Their comprehension performance/scores were better than those of their production results.]

Regarding phonemic awareness, please see Table 3 for the results of the phonemic awareness assessment results. The full per cent of the  $2^{nd}$  category for the 5 graders' group is 100, and the average per cent is 52.38. Four 5th graders in our group made progress (showed improvement) from the pretest to the posttest, from average 52.38% to 60.12%.

[Optional expression: Their comprehension performance/scores were better than those of their production results.]

Regarding phonemic awareness, please see Table 3 for the results of the phonemic awareness assessment results. The full per cent of the  $3^{rd}$  category for the 5 graders' group is 100, and the average per cent is 56.6. Four 5th graders in our group made progress (showed improvement) from the pretest to the posttest, from average 56.6% to 85%.

[Optional expression: Their comprehension performance/scores were better than those of their production results.]

Regarding phonemic awareness, please see Table 3 for the results of the phonemic awareness assessment results. The full per cent of the  $4^{th}$  category for the 5 graders' group is 100, and the average per cent is 15.56. Four 5th graders in our group made progress (showed improvement) from the pretest to the posttest, from average 15.56% to 31.12%.

[Optional expression: Their comprehension performance/scores were better than those of their production results.]

IV. Appendixes (arrange links and photos chronologically/Week 1, Week 2,....) and

provide captions/notes to your films and photos.

A. Video links (provide YouTube links and screen shots of videos)

film link	film link 2- individual G-T	film link-	"Requirement for
1-	SL	Methodology	Learning Outcome
individual		Presentation	Demonstration film link
G-T SL			
https://youtu.	https://www.youtube.com/watc	https://www.youtube.c	https://www.youtube.com/wat
be/t86IqqcK	h?v=hyW3hkJNCwY&feature=	om/watch?v=662FyUv	<u>ch?v=ZeVPJrrUI_o&amp;feature=</u>
<u>WcI</u>	<u>youtu.be</u>	<u>aCyM</u>	<u>youtu.be</u>

1. Film link 1:

Date of teaching: December 8th (08/12/2016)

In this video I was trying to teach them how to help them review expressions about time & 7 days in a week by teaching them how to read information from a timetable. The timetable was like this:

https://docs.google.com/document/d/1nYbe6wzbC7F1p6tgNgpC9nlT-

2u2jdjdPCgqO3dgKaM/edit

Each of them had a copy of it. They are latter required to fill out a similar one of their own, with the help of their individual tutor.

2. Film link 2:

Date of teaching: December 15th (15/12/2016)

In the last day of our SL, I watched my tutee doing her post-survey. She was quite excited about the rewards that we promised, so she tended to finish the survey as quick as possible. Clearly, she just wrote down her answer with her first instinct. I think that makes the results of her survey more reliable, because in that way, she wouldn't concern too much about my feelings or other irrelevant factors.

3. Film link- Methodology Presentation:

Date of Presenting: November 17th (17/11/2016)

I was in charge of introducing the outline of our presentation and some basic concepts about CLT. I volunteered to do this two parts, because most of the other parts of the presentation including demonstrating a certain language activity by performing as a teacher to interact with the other group members who performed as students, but I was not confident about my interaction skills, as Prof. BC pointed out later, I usually have too much seriousness in my presentation performance. However, as I proceed the SL and gained more experience of communicating with students, I gradually improved a bit on my interpersonal skills as a teacher, so in the "Before the Flood" presentation in Week 13, I tried the role of teacher.

4. "Requirement for Learning Outcome Demonstration film link

Date of Presenting: January 5th (05/01/2017)

This is the final presentation about the GT SL. In the video, I presented my reflection on the teaching activity I had done in Week 13 (Film link 1), and thoughts about the "stamp marks system" that our group designed to motivate the students in GT. Before the recorded part, I presented my analysis on the results of "Learning Attitudes" in both pre-survey and post-survey, however, I didn't go through the details in that part, for the time limit. A more detailed analysis was recorded above (III.B.1.d)

B. Photos - ditto

Album link:

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/0B3cFRW8BrfCvNm9mWEpCSDVpRms



1. individual tutor w Janice 2016f-1117

2. individual tutor w Janice 2016f-1208



3. TEFL Thu. GT timetable teaching GT 2016f-1208 (1-4)







